The Daily Sentinel.

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The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

PASSAGE OF THE SOUTHERN ELECTORAL BILL BY CONGRESS—CONTINUANCE OF THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

WASHINGTON, July 13.

The bill or joint resolution in relation to the electoral votes of the Southern States has finally passed both Houses, and was immediately enrolled and presented to the President last night. The Senate, at the earnest solicitation of Mr. Trumbull and Mr. Sherman, excluded from the provisions of the bill Arkansas and Florida, whose Representatives are now sitting in both Houses, but the House of Representatives was afraid to trust these two States, and in effect put them back in the bill by striking out the clause "and which States are not now represented in Congress." The insertion of the proviso "that nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to any State which was reprented in Congress on the 4th of March, 1867," is a saving clause for Tennessee. The Senate late yesterday afternoon sanctioned the action of the House, but by a small majority.

The reason given for the passage of this new radical scheme was that the Johnson (so-called) governments might attempt to hold elections for electors of President and Vice President, and to prevent any misapprehension or confusion it was necessary to proclaim beforehand that no election would be regarded as valid unless it occurred under the Congressional governments. This excuse has not even the merit of plausibility. There is not a trace of the governments set up by the President left in either North Carolina, Arkansas or Florida, nor in three months from now will there be in any of the other States of the South.—The only object of this bill is to secure the entire Southern electoral vote for Grant.

By another bill passed yesterday the freedmen's bureau is continued in all these States until the first of January next. The present radical commissioner, General Howard, is placed beyond the President's power of removal, and in case he should die, then his Adjutant General, Whittlesey, who is as "sound" as he "on the goose," is to succeed him. All this is, of course, clearly outside the Constitution, but what does that matter? General Howard is expected to vote the negroes "early and often." The radicals think that there is no reasonable doubt that the bureau will do the work effectually, but there is a probability of failure, and hence, to guard against all accidents, this electoral bill has been engineered through.

It by hook or by crook the electoral votes of the ten States are ostensibly thrown for the radical ticket, well and good; but if there should happen to be a fair expression of public sentiment, and any one or more of the States should go for the Democrats, then its or their vote will be thrown out. Some of the members wanted also to include Tennessee in the bill, but they were soon satisfied by the members from that State that, under Brownlow's manipulations, there was no earthly probability of anything going wrong in his principality.

The constitutional time allowed the President to return this bill will not expire until the 22d, two Sundays intervening, and Congress will not adjourn until he returns it.—Some of the President's friends think he will not keep the bill any longer than is necessary to prepare his veto, as he has no desire to put any obstacle in the way of an early adjournment. If we were not satisfied by past experience how individual opinion bends to party discipline, there might be some hope that Mr. Trumbull and other Senators, who opposed this bill, would sustain a veto.

WHAT THE RADICALS HAVE DONE FOR THE SOUTH.

From a speech made by General Hampton at a public meeting in New York, during the recent Convention, we extract the following:

"I will only state a few facts, for it is a thing upon which I dare not speak. In the Legislature of South Carolina, composed of 156 members—of that Legislature from whose halls used to go as high intellect as ever came to the halls of Congress—of those one hundred and fifty-six members there are nearly, if not quite, now, one hundred negroes. [Hisses, and cries of 'Shame.'] From these negroes and all of that Legislature, the whole taxes that they are liable to pay amount to seven hundred dollars.—'Oh, oh,' and laughs.] Of that about five hundred dollars have been paid by one of the Conservative members, and the two hundred dollars that are to be paid by negroes and carpet-baggers, half of it is under execution. (Applause and laughter.) Well, that Legislature, composed in that way, has the right to impose a levy or tax on South Carolina to the amount of $10,250,000.—(Applause.) Now, gentlemen, if that State of things goes on, what will be the result? Why, you know it means that, in a few years from this time, there will not be a white man, woman or child in the State of South Carolina. (Cries of 'Shame.') I only mention that as one of the Southern States. It is true that it is, perhaps, in a worse condition than most of the others, but they are all afflicted by that fearful calamity that is hanging over us, and we can have no relief unless the Democratic party will come out and pledge itself that we shall have a fair election; that the white people of the South shall vote.—I want you all to register an oath, that when they do vote, that their vote shall be counted, and if there is a majority of white votes, that you will place Seymour and Blair in the White House in spite of all the bayonets that shall be brought against them.—We only want to see the election fair. If they do that, and even with the incubus of black rule, we can carry the South at least. (Applause.) Gentlemen, (as I said,) I do not like to touch upon these themes. (Cries of 'Good, good.') I only proposed to come here to make my acknowledgments to you. I come to tell you that these nominations which you have made will meet with the hearty concurrence of the Southern men.—I wanted to tell you how grateful, how gratified we have been at the reception that you have given to us. I wanted to tell you that though we fought in good faith, we laid down our arms in good faith. (Great applause.) I wanted you to believe that we were men of honor, and that while we meant war when we said war, when we said peace we meant peace; not that peace which the Radicals would give us ["no, no"]; not that peace which crushes to earth ten of those States; not that peace which places the ignorant negro over us; but the peace in all our households, peace through all our land; that peace which the great Democratic party has sworn to day at Tammany Hall we shall have.

[A voice.—"We will have it."]

[Another voice.—"You are our white brothers."] I appeal, gentlemen, to that sentiment. I appeal in the name of race.—I appeal to you by our common traditions in the past. I appeal to your memory of that time when South Carolina sent her soldiers to fight here and at Boston. I appeal to you by the memories of the Revolution. I appeal to you by all the past, by every hope of the future, to stand together and give us deliverance, and to give success to these nominations of the men whom you have made your standard-bearers today. [Applause.] Now, gentlemen, in the name of the Southern States—in the name of South Carolina—in my own name—I thank you for the courtesies you have extended to us since we have been here. I thank you for the reception, and assure you that I shall take back to my people nothing but the most grateful memories of your kindness. [Applause.]

GEN. LEE.

The following is the conclusion of an address on "Integrity of Character," delivered at the Commencement of the Kentucky Military Institute, June 4th., 1868, by Rev. R. A. Holland:

"I rejoice, young gentlemen, that I can find an embodiment of this sublime integrity of character in a hero—not of the Past but of the Present—not of some distant realms, but of your own suffering section—not of foreign birth, but of blood brother to that which throbs thrills of enthusiasm through your veins at the mention of his name. I rejoice that we possess a model of manhood worth more to our noblest attributes than all the fortunes spent in the terrible war that revealed his grandeur to our gaze.

"Whatever may have been the errors of the South—errors for which, if they existed, she has by dearest hecatombs sufficiently atoned; the world is indebted to her for a gift that will enrich mankind forever. That gift is the example of a man who, in civil conflict, wins the admiration of his enemies, who charms envy into love and awes malice into silence, who comes forth from among the smoke and carnage of battle revealing a brow unstained with dishonor and hands unclotted with cruelty, who, although victor in a hundred fights against such odds of troops and treasures as skill never vanquished before, suffers no word of boasting o soil his pure lips, and notices his success only in modest ascriptions of gratitude to the Lord of Hosts; who, marching forward in the perilous path of duty, refuses a moment's pause for dalliance with the Fame which others must follow, but which, like one entranced, tracks his steps and courts the condescension of his kingly glance; who as he kneels under triumphs, rises above reverses, and when the last blow is struck and the last hope is fled, stands calm and unterrified amid the ruins of his country, and, like the great Roman, draws his toga around him and waits the coming of his fate; who, when the sword is wrested from his hand, and he is asked to yield his person to the power that has conquered him, meets the demand with the firmness of a freeman, and the courtesy of a knight; who, when he surrenders himself a prisoner, surrenders his sword with the same equanimity with which he had ever wielded it, and receives it back from the conqueror in mute testimonial that none but himself is worthy to wear a weapon whose blade blazes with a lustre of purity and prowess, bright as the scimetars of Eden's sentinels.

Great in victory, greater still in defeat; great as described through the red haze of war, greater still as contemplated through the clear air of peace; great as a general, but greatest as a man—behold him a character which, if not perfect, conceals its faults with the refulgence of its virtues, even as the sun conceals the spots on its dazzling disc. I need not call his name; nor need History when she carves for the highest niche in her Pantheon a statue to represent manhood apotheosized by its own glory, inscribe beneath it a name, which the very design of the statue speaks aloud—the immortal name of Lee."

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES

and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 7-154-tf

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

On the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weisman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

4,000 ACRES

OR MORE.

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

1,000 ACRES OR MORE.

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent cash and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

W. S. MASON, Commissioner.

Jun 30-tf

CORN! CORN! CORN!

1,000 BUSHELS CORN,—PRIME WHITE! The cheapest in town. For sale by

July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

VINE HILL ACADEMY.

Scotland Neck, N. C.

THIRD SESSION begins July 20th. Tuition $40 and $25. Board and tuition, including every thing except washing, $125.

Address J. M. LOVEJOY.

July 1-2w4w

[From the New York World.]

Horatio Seymour--Next President.

A DOUBLE ACROSTIC.

He is our choseN chieftain; he shall lead
O'er victor fiEldS the country to success;
Reduce the taXes, save us in our need,
And, making greaTer freedom, make laws less.
This trust we Place in him, nor doubts nor fears
Invade our perfect faith. We know this man
On whom the withEring circles of the years
Shed larger inSire. Let the critic scan
Each act of his whole life wi h sharpest ke.
Yet he shall finD no flaw; he is, indeed,
Most earnest, gEnerous, kindly of all men.
Oh, worthy countrymen, I pray give heed;
United in thaT common object stand—
Record your votes for him, and voting, save your land.

July 9, 1868. THEO. P. COOK.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

4,000 BUSHELS OF CORN arriving and to arrive at

June 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Coffee, Coffee.

20 BAGS MORE RIO COFFEE, at

June 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Snuff, Snuff.

5 BBLS. MORE EGERTON SNUFF, Just to hand at

June 5 UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Candles, Candles.

20 BOXES MORE ADAMANTINE CANDLES Just arrived at

June 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Sugar, Sugar.

20 BBLS EXTRA C SUGAR Just received at

June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Candles, Candles.

70 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES. For sale at

June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Lard, Lard.

3,000 LBS. FAMILY LARD IN Tierces and Kegs. For sale by

June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP. Just received by

June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT. For sale at

June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER. For sale by

June 22 tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE. Just received at

June 22 tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in store and for sale, at low price, to close consignment.

June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn! Prime White Corn!!

ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF per bushel. Just received by

June 26 tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

5,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by

June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

HERRINGS, HERRINGS.

25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
20 " " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by

June 22 tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PRIME CAROLINA RICE. Just received by

June 22 tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at

June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

SOLE LEATHER,

TRUNKS, VALISES,

LEATHER AND MOROCCO TRAVELING BAGS,

For Ladies and Gentlemen, at

April 23-tf R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.

April 30 tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Extra Patapsco.
25 " Superfine
25 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

10 CASES ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in bottles

April 30 tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON,—Sides and Shoulders, low

April 30 tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

RECEIVED THIS DAY 500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.

Feb 2-156-tf TONNOFFSKI'S

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.

At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Piccalilli at

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.

At TONNOFFSKI'S.

March 2—tf

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant.

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL,)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.

Jan 29-143-tf

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,

At

Mar 19—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

For Sale.

A FEW MORE of the HILLSBORO CANNED PEACHES.

June 26-tf W. H. JONES & CO., Auction & Com. Merchants.

On Consignment.

Boxing Extracts and Medicines:

The [illegible] Carminative, Castor Oil, Essence of Peppermint, and a superior Boot Polish.

W. H. JONES & CO.,

May 26 tf Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

For Sale

7 Hhds Shoulder Bacon, cheap, to close consignment. Also

500 Bushels Corn.

July 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BREAKFAST BACON, BRIGHT AND sweet. Just the thing to cook with vegetables.

June 24-tf W. H. JONES & CO., Auction & Com. Merchants.

SUGARS.

Of the different grades

June 24-tf W. H. JONES & CO., Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

A NICE LITTLE FARM, within two miles of the City. Comfortable Dwelling, Gin House, Gin and Cotton Press and necessary out-buildings, and a nice young Orchard of select Fruit.

W. H. JONES & CO.,

June 5-tf Auc'rs and Com. Merchants

For Sale.

NICE WELL-CURED Southampton HAMS.

July 7-tf W. H. JONES & CO., Auc'rs & Com. Merchants.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among many hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its wonderful efficacy.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. E. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,

29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-143-1y

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

Jan 6 17-3m*

I. O. O. F.

THE NEXT ANNUAL MEETING of the R. W. Grand Lodge, of Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of the State of South Carolina, will be held in the Hall of Concordia Lodge, No. 11, in the town of Beaufort, on Tuesday, the 21st day of July inst.

A full representation of the Lodges in the State is especially desired.

J. W. GULICK, Grand Secretary.

July 10-4t

YOUNG'S

BOARDING HOUSE,

NEAR THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Board, per Day, $2,00.

Liberal deductions made on board by the Month.

Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished

FARE GOOD.

June 6-1m

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, at the expiration of thirty days from the date hereof, application will be made to the General Assembly of North Carolina, for the passage of a Bill granting a Charter for purposes of Insurance to a Company to be known as the "NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL HOME INSURANCE COMPANY."

Raleigh, N. C., July 8th, 1868-4tw

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

$ 20,000,000.00.

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses low. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the safest and best method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, all receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan devised.

S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,

June 2-tf Raleigh, N. C.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS.

PRESIDENT,

JOHN E. EDWARDS,

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WM. B. ISAACS, D. J. HARTSOOK,

MEDICAL EXAMINER,

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James A. Scott, H. C. Cabell,
R. M. Quarles, D. J. Hartsook,
W. H. Tyler, John C. Williams,
J. E. Edwards, William G. Taylor,
A. T. Stokes, A. P. Aleli,
J. B. Morton, W. B. Isaacs,
R. H. Dibrell, George L. Ridgood,
William H. Palmer, Samuel M. Price.

LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't.

LEXINGTON, N. C.

Jan 28-146-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,

AND

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED.]

Manufactured under License solely by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,

100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With licenses under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family Soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing foot and destroying insects on Sheep.

3 pound canisters wholesale,		$ 1 25
10 do do do		2 25
50 do kegs, do		10 00
200 do barrels, do		35 00

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Plant Protector.

In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants. In 1 and 2 pound Canisters at 50 cents and $1, larger packages same price as Sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In 1 pound Canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, proceeding from Fleas, carriers of Scurvy, Parasites and Chaffers of all kinds. 10 cents per lb., or in boxes 7 tablets $1,00.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps,

For use in scrubbing and in the Laundry. Send for a descriptive pamphlet of

June 25-3m

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-146-6m

DRY GOODS.

SELLING OUT AT

NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,

AT

NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE.

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.,

June 26-1m Raleigh, N. C.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN

SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—90-tf

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

CARRIAGE MATERIAL,

PAINTS, VARNISHES,

COLORS, OILS,

GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,

Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting,

Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs,

Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

April 30-tf

41 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WHITE GRANITE DINNER WARE,

GLASS, GOBLETS, TUMBLERS AND WINE GLASSES,

BOWLS AND PITCHERS,

WATER PITCHERS,

Just received and for sale,

J. BROWN,

With Hart & Lewis

Raleigh, N. C., June 30, 1868.

Cotton Plows and Cultivators.

IN STORE MARCH'S PATENTED COTTON Plows and CORN CULTIVATORS approved by all who have tried them.

June 13-tf JAS. M. TOWLES.

COLLINS & HEATH,

24 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Rosiers, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Lawn Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook, Roger Williams', Universe Cook, Double Range, European Range, Magee Range, Spruce Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. All the different styles of Grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

May 15-1y

A. MILLER,

No. 27 Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

Rags, Brass, Copper and Furs.

All rags can be shipped by freight, and, on receipt of the Railroad receipt, the shipper can draw on me at sight.

may 13 2aw3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application.

W. B. ASTEN & CO.,

June 17-3m 23 PEARL ST., New York City.

PRINTER'S NEWS INK.

TO SUIT THE accommodation of our cotemporaries in the State, we propose to keep on hand a quantity of NEWSPAPER INK, manufactured in Philadelphia, and will sell it, for cash, at Philadelphia prices. We have it in kegs of 50 and 25 pounds each, at 22 cts. per pound. The cash must accompany orders. Apply to the

Apr. 6-tf EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE KEPT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY

SAY VIA R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the state over Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road, thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come, and pay over $100,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your *Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line* safely, direct your consignments to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agents, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miners' Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich st. Cor. Dey; N. L. McKendy, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessex) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, Jas. R. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 30 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,

Aug 8-605-tf Freight Ag't Raleigh, N. C.

SUPT. OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO., Company Shops, N. C., April 1, 1868.

On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily		11.56 P. M.
" Salisbury		2.07 A. M.
" Greensboro'		5.05 A. M.
" Raleigh		9.41 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'		12.25 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'		12.30 P. M.
" Raleigh		3.30 P. M.
" Greensboro'		7.17 P. M.
" Salisbury		9.56 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte		11.35 P. M.

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with Passenger trains on W. & W. Road to and from Wilmington, and to Weldon by freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.

Freight trains will leave Charlotte at 2 A. M., and arrive at 6.30 P. M.

April 4-tf JAMES ANDERSON, Sup't.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., Superintendent's Office, Raleigh, N. C., May 20th, 1868.

On and after May 24th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9.15 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2.40 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3.19 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	1.45 P. M.
" arrives at Raleigh	10.05 A. M.

The Mail Trains make immediate connections with all points North and South.

A. B. ANDREWS, Supt. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS, JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commission.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. M. McPheeters, Esq., Hon. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. R. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Bliss, Esq., Weldon; Col. Adam W. Evans, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Reid, Louisburg; Gen. Joshua Gardner, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and dealers John Myers & Son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 6—tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on arrival,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,	
300,000 White Oak Hhd. "	
100,000 White Oak " Heading,	Norfolk
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,	Shipping.
50,000 White Oak Bbl.	

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. Timbered Oaks, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES RALPH & SON,

Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

TOBACCO AGENCY

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.

Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled.

Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.

COWAND & HARRELL,

April 21-3m Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

DR. JORDAN,

OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and treated [illegible] Consumptive, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. None of the worst of the Asthmatic character, but has found the good influence so cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 15-tf

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 3 lb., Cans (qt.) $4.00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (2qt.) $8.00 "

ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.

Apply to A. POGUE, Hillsboro, N. C.

Feb 19-104-tf

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The SENTINEL is published every day, except sunday, on the following terms:

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Six months.....4 0
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" " six months.....1 0

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1868

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET:

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

"LET US HAVE PEACE."

Such was the remark of Gen. Grant, in his letter accepting the Chicago nomination. What response has it met? If Gen. Grant had used such an expression, soon after the surrender of Gen. Lee, every one would have responded, *Amen!* It would have meant *peace*, and the people would have believed him. Then he was sufficiently satiated with strife. Then he had become quite satisfied with the blood of the thousands he led to death, when he threw them against Lee's impregnable bulwarks, only to be butchered, and with the blood of the thousands of Union soldiers who perished in Southern prisons, because he so stubbornly refused to exchange prisoners. He had enough of war for the nonce. He was, then, the simple, stubborn soldier, with no aspirations for political office; he had not then been corrupted by the political atmosphere and associations of Washington City. Ah! it takes more nerve to resist the contamination of the political cess-pools of Washington City, than it did to command the Grand Army of the Potomac. A bird can scarcely fly over that city and wholly escape its noxious and infectious atmosphere. It has been far too much for Gen. Grant. Hence, while he talks of "peace," war is in his heart. He cries "peace," and yet lends himself and his influence to the corrupt party which has kept up the war upon the South, ever since Sherman closed it.

To prove the Radical party still means nothing *but war* upon the South, let the reader ponder the following infamous bill, which passed the lower House of Congress, on the 3rd. instant, and is now before the Senate. Read it:

A BILL TO PROVIDE FOR THE ISSUE OF ARMS FOR THE USE OF THE MILITIA.

Be it enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to deliver to the Governor of each State and Territory represented in the Congress of the United States, at the seat of government of such State or Territory, for the use of the militia thereof, as many serviceable Springfield rifled muskets of calibre fifty-eight, with accoutrements and equipments, and serviceable field pieces, with carriages, caissons, equipments, and implements, as the Governor of such State or Territory shall require for the use of the loyal militia therein, not exceding two thousand rifled muskets, with accoutrements and equipments, and two field pieces, with carriages, caissons, equipments and implements, for each Congressional district and Territory so represented, upon the certificate of the Governor of such State or Territory, showing to the satisfaction of the General of the Army, that the regiments and companies for which such ordnance and ordnance stores are required are duly organized of loyal citizens of such State or Territory, under the laws thereof, and such ordnance and ordnance stores shall thereafter remain the property of the United States, subject to the control of Congress.

Such a bill suits our amiable "Governor," exactly, who always *was a peace man!* With 14,000 infantry and seven well mounted batteries in this State, and all "trooly loil," our new Commander in Chief would cut quite a figure. Then, he thinks, he could issue his mandates, whether lawful or not, and they should be obeyed. To officer and equip that amount of *force*, alone, would cost the State $500,000 at least, and then to pay and support them a year would cost over a million.

Will the Legislature encourage any such nonsense? Will it thus needlessly increase the public debt, and run the fearful risk of embroiling our people in civil conflict? *We hope not.* We hope the General Assembly *are men of peace*; that they are not blind to the teachings of the past, and that they are not ready to involve our people again in war and bloodshed. Nothing under Heavens will as certainly do it, as the arming and equiping of Holden's pet "loil" militia. When that thing is done, we should not be surprised if every man in the State were armed to the teeth, within twenty-four hours. If the public had any confidence in Radical professions of peace, no one would object to arming a few militia, if it were necessary to preserve order. No one objects to organization, but every sensible man feels that an honest and reliable Judiciary and good laws will do more to preserve order and peace, than a million of bayonets *in such hands!*

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

In compliance with the terms of the Omnibus Bill, as it is called, the President has issued a Proclamation, which will be found in another column, announcing that the Legislature of North Carolina has ratified the pending amendment to the Constitution, known as Article XIV. It is the coolest and most refreshing document we have ever seen. The whole tenor of it implies that, in his official capacity, the President does not recognize W. W. Holden as Governor of North Carolina. *"Writes himself Governor decidedly North Carolina!"* That is good, de-

OUR PUBLIC CHARITIES.

In no possible effort which "Gov." Holden could have made, to add to the bad odor in which he is held by the true and good people of the State, could he have been more successful than by his shameless partizan movement against the two Asylums. Were his course in other respects to be entirely unexceptionable, he can make no defence before the people of North Carolina, which could justify him, in the public estimation, in appointing such Boards for the management of those institutions. The characters of the men, their incapacity, and *then* the purpose to place those two institutions under partizan control and influence, are too ridiculous and abominable to admit of any defence whatever.

After a large outlay of money, and great effort on the part of the General Assembly, to place those institutions on a proper footing—after having secured the best possible management, under the direction of Supervisors and Directors, in the selection of officers well adapted and qualified for their positions,—and at a time when both institutions were more largely useful than at any period of their history, to have conceived the design of disturbing their operations, simply with the view of placing the whole matter under a strictly Radical *regime*, without regard to the wants of the poor unfortunates for whose benefit these institutions were established, was simply diabolical. No act of his life will prove so damning, as his determination, regardless of humanity and the public feeling, to remove from office the Supervisors and Directors of those institutions, with the view of having competent officers removed to make way for inexperienced and incompetent ones, simply to place them in Radical hands.

So far as we know, Mr. Holden, and his abettors in this matter, are the only people in the State who ever could brook the idea of making the Asylums partizan institutions, to be controlled by political feeling and influences. Over two years ago, in his partizan hatred to Dr. Fisher, he tried to induce the General Assembly to remove him, to make a place for Dr. Grissom. The General Assembly scouted the proposition.

We observe that some members of the Senate were particularly loth to confirm the new Board of Directors offered by "Gov." Holden, for the Institution for the Deaf, the Dumb and the Blind, and stood out for some days in their opposition. Some of the reasons, given by those opposed to confirming the Board, were not creditable either to their heads or hearts. Several were opposed to the new Board, for the reason that they believed it had been gotten up with the view of removing Mr. Palmer, the Principal, who was known to be a good officer and whose removal would be severely censured by the people. That was a good reason in itself, and applies with great force to Dr. Fisher, as well as to Mr. Palmer. The ideas suggested by some of them, that Mr. Palmer was not offensive *to the party*, was a low, mean reason, why they should oppose his removal. Neither Dr. Fisher nor Mr. Palmer, nor any officer connected with the two institutions, have ever conducted them in the interests of any party—they have conducted them for the people of the State, steadily keeping in view the real interests of the poor unfortunates committed to their care. If either of them had ever shown a disposition to manage them in the interests of a party, they would not have been there, or we should have urged their removal. They have avoided even the appearance of partyism in their administration, and we protest against introducing it into the management of those institutions.

The Board of Supervisors appointed by Gov. Holden for the Insane Asylum, and the Board of Directors recommended by him for the Institution for the Deaf, the Dumb and the Blind, plainly indicate his purely partizan design. Such Boards would be standing insults to the officers of both Institutions, unless they have themselves descended to the Radical level. To be controlled or bedored over by negroes and scallawags, is what no decent man or woman will allow.

It is due to the State and to those institutions, if the General Assembly has any sense of moral reponsibility and of the claims of the unfortunate classes provided for by those institutions, for that body forthwith to enact laws taking their control from Governor Holden or from *any party*, and placing them under the control of such gentlemen of high character as would positively assure the General Assembly and the people, that they should be properly conducted. If the General Assembly had any independence, was not a slave of party, it would put its foot down upon any tendency to control those institutions by party management.

THE EDICT has gone forth that not a *crumb* of patronage, in the way of "office or *employment*," is to be given to Democrats or Conservatives. The rule of proscription is as broad and emphatic as it is possible to announce it. Very well. However much we may regret the necessity, the duty is forced upon the true men of North Carolina of meeting the issue in the same spirit in which it is presented. It is a bad rule that will not work both ways. So long as this feeling of vindictiveness and proscription governs the action of Radicals, it is an imperative duty,—a duty of self-protection,—on *our* part, to ignore, in every form, those who are actuated by such a spirit. It would be the height of suicidal folly to support Radical whites and blacks to cut your own throats. We repeat our former interrogatory: Suppose the Democratic and Conservative merchants, mechanics, employers and farmers, generally, were to act upon the policy of the Radical leaders, what would become of the Radical masses?

PETERSBURG INDEX.—We regret exceedingly to hear of the destruction of this office, and tender our sympathies to our excellent cotemporary. There will only be an intermission of a few days in the issue of the paper, when it will again appear to do manly and effective battle for the good cause.

The fire was the work of an incendiary.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, July 15, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Long, Senator from Davidson.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Rich, from the Committee on Internal Improvements, to whom was referred a bill to extend the Chatham Railroad, reported favorably.

Mr. Smith, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported favorably on a bill for the relief of Willis S. Grandy.

Mr. Winstead, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported a substitute for the bill appointing Judges of the Superior Court, Clerk of Superior Court and Chairmen of the Boards of County Commissioners, to take the privy examination of *femes covert*, in the conveyance of real estate.

Mr. Sweet, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported a bill providing for filling vacancies, which may occur in the County offices.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

By Mr. Winstead: A bill authorizing the Air Line Rail Road Company, in South Carolina, to extend and construct their Road into this State. Ordered to be printed and referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Cook: A bill to encourage the manufacture of cotton, woolen and linen goods. Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Brogden: A bill extending the time for registering grants, deeds of sale, deeds of gift, deeds of trust, powers of attorney and marriage settlements; which passed its second reading, under a suspension of the rules, and was ordered to be printed.

The Senate repaired, in a body, preceded by the Speaker, to the Hall of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of comparing the vote for U. S. Senators; which, being accomplished, the Senate returned and took up the

SPECIAL ORDER:

An act to provide for the qualification of certain officers, recently elected under the provisions of the Constitution of the State of North Carolina.

This bill was under consideration for several hours, and pending its consideration the Senate adjourned until the usual hour to-morrow.

[We will publish the bill, as soon as it becomes a law.]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[BY THE UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.]

WEDNESDAY, July 15, 1868.

The "Reconstruction" bantling was called to order by its regal Speaker, (the quondam "Keeper of the Archives,) at 10½ o'clock.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. J. F. Brewer, (teacher in one of the various negro schools in this city.)

The record of yesterday's scallawagery was read for the edification of the motley crew, and its contents approved and ordered to be transmitted "to the archives."

Leaves of absence were granted to Messrs. Sinclair, Hoffman, Green, High and Short.

Abbott (now Hon. Joe, all the way from New Hampshire,) offered his resignation as a member from New Hanover, North Carolina.

The Committee on the Judiciary reported unfavorably upon the House bill in regard to the bonds of public officers, and asked to be discharged from its further consideration.

By Mr. ——: A resolution instructing the Committee on Propositions and Grievances to report a bill for the relief of Jas. R. Parker, and others, of the County of Wayne.

The resolution was adopted, under a suspension of the rules.

By Mr. Hendricks: A resolution in relation to the organization of the militia of the State. Lies over.

[This resolution provides for the separation of the two races in its organization.]

Mr. Sinclair moved that the bill, granting permission to the Medical College in Edinburg, Robeson County, to dissect bodies, which he introduced yesterday, be taken from the Calendar and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. No objection being made, the reference was ordered.

By Stilley: A resolution calling upon the Code Commissioners to frame a bill to sustain the "Gov" in removing various officers. [This mandate of the royal Bengal tiger was immediately adopted by his submissive subjects, under a suspension of what they call their rules.]

Mr. Pou gave notice that, in thirty days from this date, he would introduce a bill to relieve Monie & Durham, of Johnston county, whose effects were recently destroyed by fire.

Jeemes Harris, of Wake, negro, called up his "Railway Ready Relief" bill.

[This bill is only, in fact, a provision for lazy scallawags and idle niggers, to keep them well up in the Radical ranks in the coming election.]

Mr ——, of Wayne, moved to strike out, in section 1, the word "five" and insert "one." Adopted.

Mr. Ferebee said the House had better pass a vagrant law, instead of consuming time in endeavoring to pass such a measure. Only look at those galleries and see the crowds of lazy negroes, who lounge away their time instead of working, and then go to the Bureau for rations.

Mr. Downing moved to lay the whole matter on the table.

Mr. Ellis called for the yeas and nays.—The call was sustained, and the bill was tabled by a vote of yeas 62, nays 34.

Mr. Pou moved a reconsideration of the vote.

Jeemes was delighted, and, in advocacy of the motion, proceeded to "spread himself." He made his usual speech. It seemed that the "Governor" had been too busy of late to cram him.

Pending the further discussion of the matter, the Speaker announced that the hour had arrived when the Senate would visit the House, to compare the Senatorial vote.

The Doorkeeper then announced the Senate.

They were received with the usual honors, the "Lieutenant-Governor" taking a seat in close proximity to Prince Joseph William. He announced that the Clerk of the Senate (Byrnes, the "Singist,") would read the Journal of that body in regard to the election. The Journals of both Houses, in reference to the election, were read by their respective Clerks. The "Lieut. Gov." then said as johnny pool and Shaker Joe had received a majority of the votes cast, he kind'o guessed that they were elected.—No one offering any objection, the worthies aforesaid were declared duly elected, and the Senate retired.

By Mr. Pou: A resolution defining the power of the County Commissioners to levy taxes for the poor. Lies over.

By Seymour: A resolution to allow members elect, who were disqualified by the 14th. Article, mileage and *per diem*, while awaiting the action of the House upon their cases.

Stilley wanted to amend by allowing mileage only.

Blair (who once wore a secession cockade) intimated that he'd be dog-on'd if he thought they should have any thing. He wouldn't have come here, if *he* had been banned, and, therefore, he didn't think any body else should have had the presumption to have done so. He was clear agin it, and swore pint-blank it was the next thing to stealing to grant those men any favors. He wouldn't go for narry red cent.

Seymour then moved the reference of the whole matter to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, to be reported upon by to morrow. Carried.

Jeems Harris' bill was again resumed, when

Some individual, taxed beyond endurance, moved its postponement until to-morrow. Carried.

The House being dry, they suddenly came to the conclusion that it had been a long time "between drinks;" whereupon, the promiscuous assemblage dispersed, with the understanding that they would have another gathering to morrow morning, at [illegible] o'clock.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE "GOVERNOR"

"Gov." Holden has appointed the following Justices of the Peace:

GREENE COUNTY.—Chas H Harper, S A Busbee, W J Taylor, Jas S Smith, Franklin Thomas, W T Dixon, Blancy Speight, Asa Jones, John Grimsley, Wm L Edwards.

ROWAN COUNTY.—W H Howerton, A Bencini, F H Sprague, Allen Rose, Charles Correll, Wm Russell, D Styron, Levi Trexler, Simeon Miller, John Rymer, P. Hall, Jesse Barger, Jacob O Miller, E S P Lippard, Peter Williamson, John Stirewalt, J L Reid, David Barringer, D Lentz, Daniel Frick, Jeremiah Press, John Eagle, Reuben Crepo, Edmund Beaver, James Coulshower, Wm Boyden, C S Moring.

CURRITUCK COUNTY.—R S D Holbrook, W S Harrison, Thomas O'Neil, W G Partridge, James R Hobbs, Robert P Midgett, J B Carrow, Geo R Migett, Saml Dowdy, Willis Tillett, Thos Chapell, Isaac N Wilson, Daniel L Dowdy, Wm C Mercer, Jesse L Doxey, H Walker, Jas Ferrebee, W D Chaddick, Wm A Jarvis, W A F Stockton, and Geo S Van Wyck.

RANDOLPH COUNTY.—John C Alland, S W Blair, W F Brookshire, Henry Craven, Thos G Craven, Pleasant Frazier, C G Hayworth, M Hinshaw, D B Julian, Alfred Julian, J M Jordan, Jno Kemp, W D King, Meredith Kent, Wm McGee, L M Moffitt, H Breswell, F Pearce, Jesse Steed, Abner A Steed, W R Smith, Allen Scott, W Thornburg, T Trogden, Thos Walker, J F Trogden, Geo Makepeace, N Dafford, John C Hill, Isaac Lee, Joseph Redding, Sr., Stephen W Kivett, Joseph L Reece, J J Owen, H T Vincannon, Alvis Allen, Petee Vincannon, Sr., J C Grayson, W L Burns W H H Conner, Jesse Cox, John Pope, N Ellison, W R Kinney, H Allen, T L L Lox, A J Burnes, Eli Branson, W C Wilson, W T Trogden, Burgess Leonard, Lindsay Pearce, Cummins King, Martin W Gray, D Worth, Benjamin Luther, Jonathan Hardister, Edward Rachael, B A Sellars.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.—E B Fuller.

CRAVEN COUNTY.—R T Berry, Frederick Jones, James A Suydam, Benjamin Jacobs, Frederick Slaughter, Geo Rixford, Geo Physic, Richard Tucker, Mingo Crooms, Edward R Stanly, Geo W Nason, Jr., Moses D Hill.

BRUNSWICK COUNTY.—J C Lowton, S D Gannis, E D B Morrill, Dr W J Potter, D L Russell, Sen., E W Taylor, W R Dosher, W M D Moore, Thomas Drew, Reuben J Long, Geo T Leonard, J M King, John Inman.

ORANGE COUNTY.—John White, H C Thompson, J H Boone, Henry Crabtree, J P Mason, A J Kline, M J W McCauley, Jr., W H Lloyd, S C Bowers, Isaac Holden, Thomas G Dodson, James M Turrentine, F Crawford, Wyatt Cates, Wilson Brown, Frederick Lloyd, Abner Conkling, Wm Dodson, Wm Cheek, James Hix, Wm Manor, J C Turrentine, Reddin Cape, Archibald Hunter, John Shield, Elisha Winstead, James Bennett, Washington Duke, Willis Mangum, Benj Ellis, E P Warren, J W Cates, Joseph Thompson, W E Walker, Henry Jones, Wm Peace, Green Brewer, Wilson Caldwell, Richard May, Martin A Whitted, Job Waddell, Wesley Thompson.

WAKE COUNTY.—Clinton W Williams, John G Andrews, James Buck, Hanson T Hughes, (negro,) John Rosemond.

[Many of the foregoing are *negroes*—how many we cannot say.]

JUDGE CHASE FOR THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Gazette* says:

"The Radical fuglemen are now pouring their vials of wrath upon the head of Chief Justice Chase, and charging that he feels keenly his disappointment at not receiving the New York nomination. This is known to the friends of Judge Chase to be untrue. He declared but a short time since, to your correspondent, that he did not desire the nomination, and deemed it unfortunate that his name should be mentioned in connection with the Presidency, in view of the great questions which were being presented to the Supreme Court for adjudication and decision. The Chief Justice remarked, further, that he would be but a poor candidate for any party, as his judicial position would seal his lips on many of the most important questions of the day, and that his great regret was that he had ever allowed his name to be used in connection with any office after having taken a seat upon the Supreme Bench. Such were the privately expressed views of Judge Chase but a few weeks ago, when urged to allow his name to be used before the Democratic National Convention; and now, if this gentleman has any feeling on the subject, it is one of gratification that he has not been forced into a position he was more than willing to avoid. It may not be out of place to add that Judge Chase recognizes in the Democratic nominee for the Presidency a patriot and a statesman, every way worthy to be the standard-bearer of the national party, with which the Judge now considers himself fully identified."

YOUTHFUL DEMONSTRATION.—The youth of this city, to the number of about 150, ratified the nomination of Seymour and Blair last night by a procession, speeches, &c., with numerous transparencies. C. C. Pugh, Jr., addressed them on the lawn in a very creditable manner. They marched through the various streets, and halted at the residence of C. F. Collier, Esq., who addressed them in a very forcible manner.—We can but exclaim, there is life in the old land yet.—*Pet. Express.*

MR. STEPHENS.—A Washington letter says: "Private information just received here would indicate that the Hon. Alexander H. Stephens will be elected to the United States Senate by the Georgia Legislature. The statement is that his name will be presented by the *Union* element in that body, and that he will receive an almost unanimous support. Whether he will be allowed to take a seat in the Senate is an interesting question for the future."

Hon. George H. Pendleton has accepted an invitation to deliver an address before the Democratic State Convention of West Virginia, at Grafton, on the 16th inst.

A German in Chicago advertises that his wife has run away, or been stolen, and threatens to smash the head of any man who brings her back.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Smut Machines.

TWO OF McMANNEN'S celebrated SMUT MACHINES, for sale very cheap.
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 16-1f Auct'rs & Com. Merch'ts.

Wheat Thresher and Carrier.

JUST RECEIVED, another of SINCLAIR'S celebrated open-wrought, 25 inch cylinder, which will be sold with or without the Straw Carrier. Apply at once, to save expenses of transportation from Baltimore
JAMES M. TOWLES.
July 16-4f

Lime, Lime.

EXPECTED DAILY, 50 bbls. fresh LOCKPORT LIME, which will be sold low at Depot.
JAS. M. TOWLES,
July 15-1w Commission Merchant.

Cotton Yarns

IN STORE, TWO BALES COTTON YARNS, No. 10, on sale.
JAS M. TOWLES.
July 15-1w Commission Merchant.

Chowan Baptist Female Institute.

MURFREESBORO', N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the first Wednesday in October with a full corps of able and experienced instructors.

In view of the diminished means of our people, and in order to afford the advantages of education to as great a number as possible, the Trustees have reduced the charges for Board and Tuition as low as is consistent with the large facilities afforded.

For full information, address
July 16-2w* A. McDOWELL.

Edgeworth Female Seminary.

THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE re-opened on the first Monday of September, with a full corps of Teachers.

The entire expense of Tuition, with Board, Washing and contingent fee, for a session of 20 weeks, will be, according to the class either $105 or $110, or $115, if paid in advance, or $116,50 or $121,50, or $126 50, if paid half in advance.

Moderate extra charges will be made for ANCIENT and MODERN LANGUAGES, MUSIC, FRENCH, DRAWING and OIL PAINTING.

For Circulars, address
J. M. M. CALDWELL,
July 10-ed1m Greensboro', N. C.

44 Fayetteville Street.

SELF SEALING ONE AND TWO QUART Fruit Jars.
J. BROWN
Raleigh, July 15-1f With Hart & Lewis.

GRAIN AND DRIED FRUIT BAGS. AT FACTORY PRICES.

PARTIES WISHING TO SHIP US their Wheat will be furnished Bags FREE OF CHARGE.
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
July 15-6t General Commission Merchants, Portsmouth, Va.

APPLE AND PEACH PEELERS.
For sale by
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
July 15-6t General Commission Merchants, Portsmouth, Va.

CUT HERRINGS.

I HAVE SIXTY BBLS. ALEXANDRIA CUT HERRINGS, to sell at $8, in lots of 10 bbls. or more, or $8,50 in smaller lots to close.
ALEX MITCHELL.
Newbern, July 15-6t

Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing, in the manufacture of LIME, under the name and style of "POWELL, WILSON & CO." is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
A. M. POWELL,
J. W. WILSON,
J. H. SHERRILL,
M. TROLLINGER.
Catawba Station, N. C., July 13th, 1868.

NOTICE.

All claims against the late firm of "Powell, Wilson & Co." will be settled by the undersigned, and all persons in arrears for Lime will make payment to me, as the business of the firm must be closed up.
A. M. POWELL.
Catawba, Station, N. C., July 15-2awtw

NOTICE.

WE HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO OFFER the following Goods at New York Cost, viz:
Beautiful China Tea Sets,
Plain white " Dinner "
Handsome " Spittoons,
" " Vases, Mugs and Cups,
" " Toilet Sets,
Cigars and Cigarettes,
Canned Fruits, Strawberries,
Pears, Cherries and Quinces,
Prunes, in large Glass Jars
Tomatoe Catsup and Sauces
A La Mode Beef, in Cans
Mock Turtle "
Nutmegs, Allspice,
Ground and Race Ginger,
Brimstone, Flour Sulphur,
Indigo, Borax, Soda,
Lemon Syrup, Sweet Oil,
Toilet Soaps, Superior Blacking,
Plow Lines, Steel Weeding Hoes,
Trace Chains, Long-handle Spades,
Bird, Buck and Squirrel Shot,
And many other goods, all of which we offer at Cost, for Cash down.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 15-1f Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

Soap, Soap.

20 BOXES LAUNDRY SOAP,
N. C. and Va. make,
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 14-4f. Auct'rs and Com. Merchants.

GENUINE IMPORTED

WINES & LIQUORS.

CHAMPAGNE OF THE FOLLOWING brands:
"Carte Blanche"
"Boozy Exquis"
"Fleur de Sillery."
"Heidsick"
Choice N. C. Scuppernong, on draught and in cases.
Port, Madeira and Sherry, in cases
Pure French and Apple Brandy.
" Rye and Corn Whiskey
" Holland Gin,
" Jamaica Rum,
" Blackberry Wine,
" " Brandy.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 14-4f Auc. & Com. Merchants.

MODERN GOLGOTHA!

PLACE FOR THE SKULL!!

10 DOZEN NEW STYLE AND ELEGANT qualities of
PANAMA, PEERLESS,
AND
CANTON BAVARIAN

HATS!!

Something NICE AND CHEAP for this hot Summer Weather, for
Gents, Ladies and Boys.
Just received by Express, this day.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,
Raleigh, July 14, 1868-1f

LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY, FRANKLIN COUNTY, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this Institution will begin on the second Monday in July, 1868.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 21 WEEKS:

Board with the Principals, (washing, lights and towels not included,)	$70 00
Tuition in Primary Department,	15 00
" Regular English Course,	20 00
Latin, Greek and French, each, extra,	5 00

Board must be paid quarterly in advance. All accounts for Tuition are due at the close of the session, and will be promptly presented for payment.

Circulars sent on application.
M. S. DAVIS, A. M. } Principals.
W. J. KING, A. M. }
June 19-4w

RALEIGH SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.

All orders promptly attended to.
THOS. H. BRIGGS,
July 10-1f Proprietor.

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

Louisburg Female College, FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate, $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to
T. M. JONES,
June 15-tf President.

TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C.

THE FALL TERM commences Aug. 5, 1868.

EXPENSES.

Tuition, per term	$30 00
Tuition in Preparatory and special Schools,	20 00 to 30 00
Board, including furnished room, per month	11 00 to 12 00
Whole expense, including tuition, board, washing, fuel and Janitor's fee, per term	75 00 to 95 00

All expenses to be paid in currency; Board monthly in advance; Tuition, one half in advance, the remainder at the middle of the term; books and stationery on delivery.

Any departure from these regulations must be by special arrangement.

Indigent young men and patrons, desiring some indulgence, should correspond with the President of the Faculty.

For full information as to course of study, Special Schools &c., send for a Catalogue.

On all matters pertaining to the College, apply to Dr. Craven, Trinity College, N. C.
I. T. WYCHE
July 2 ed3w* Sec. Board Trustees.

Wilmington Journal, Norfolk Journal, Danville Times, Charlotte Democrat and Wadesboro Argus publish four times each, and send bill to Rev. Dr. Craven, at Trinity.

BINGHAM SCHOOL. MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

FALL TERM opens July 22nd. Address
Col. WM. BINGHAM.
June 20-1m.

Wake Forest College, N. C.

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first day of August 1868, with the prospect of increased patronage and success. The complete success given at the recent Commencement of the adaptedness of the University system to the wants of the times, and of its feasibility, encourages its friends to believe that the College has entered upon a career of popularity and usefulness hitherto unknown in its history. The financial embarrassments to which all Southern Colleges have been subjected are not felt to the same extent at Wake Forest, as at some others, in consequence of the considerable amount of original endowment saved, and of the favorable reception with which the Agent of the College meets in securing additional funds. An expenditure of more than $2,000 has been recently made in improving the condition of the building and grounds.

Determined to bring its advantages within reach of the largest number possible the Trustees, seconded by the community, have reduced the price of Board and Tuition to the lowest practicable rates.

The officers of instruction are gentlemen of tried ability in their several departments, and the success attending their efforts in the past is the best guarantee the public can have for the future.

The location of the College, in point of healthfulness and accessibility, (being situated on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad a few miles from the Capital of the State,) is not surpassed by that of any other in the land; while the moral and social influences connected with and surrounding it, and the peculiar discipline enforced, present inducements to patronage of no ordinary kind.

A system of PUBLIC LECTURES on literary and scientific subjects has been introduced, with a view to increase the interest of the young men in the several departments of study, and to furnish additional incentives to investigation and research.

Extensive and well selected LIBRARIES belonging to the Societies, and complete APPARATUS, PHILOSOPHICAL and CHEMICAL, are not to be omitted in the enumeration of the advantages possessed.

Another encouraging feature is that there are, at present, thirteen young men engaged in studies preparatory to the work of the Ministry; and it may not be amiss to state that any Minister, who may apply for admission, will receive tuition in all the departments free of charge, and those of this class, who are without means, are encouraged to apply to the Board of Education for further assistance.

EXPENSES IN CURRENCY:

Tuition for Preparatory School (per Session)	$30 00
" " Collegiate Course,	35 00
Board per week in private families (table fare)	2 50 to 3 00
Board, per week, with lodging,	3 00 to 3 75
Room rent (to those lodging in College Building) per session	3 00
Servants' hire "	3 00
Washing, per month,	1 50

No Student is permitted to register his name until College dues are paid.

W. T. BROOKS,
June 22-1w tAug15 Sec. Board of Trustees.

Thomasville Female College, THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 4th of August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD: $ 0 per month, and other charges proportionally low. SIXTY DOLLARS must be prepaid by each young lady on entering, and the balance at the close of the term.

The Faculty is full and composed of able and experienced Teachers. The course is extensive embracing all the solid and ornamental branches taught in other Female Colleges. The religious advantages are unsurpassed.

This College is located between Salisbury and Greensboro', in one of the most beautiful and healthy towns on the N. C. Central Railroad, and is in two miles of the celebrated "Hellon Chalybeate Springs." And at the additional expense of 25 cents per day any of the "College girls" can have the constant use of the water.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, address
Rev. D. R. BRUTON,
June 24-d2aw.sat wtil10th aug. President.

Charlotte Female Institute, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Rev. R. BURWELL,
Jno. B. BURWELL, A. M. } Principals.

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for BOARD (including every expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.,) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $130, per term of 20 weeks.

Music Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, *extra*, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address
Rev. R. BURWELL & SON,
July 11-3m Charlotte, N. C.

MRS. LACY'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

RALEIGH, N. C.

The FIFTH TERM of this School will commence on MONDAY, the 3rd of August, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

Six pupils can be accommodated as boarders.

Circulars sent on application

DR. LACY'S School for Boys will be discontinued. He will give such instruction in the Girls' School as may be desired.

July 10-3tawtd

Mecklenburg Female College. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Rev. A. G. STACY, A. M., President.

NEXT SCHOOL YEAR WILL COMMENCE October 1st, 1868.

A full corps of able and accomplished Instructors will be at their posts.

Rates as low as can be afforded in a first class Female College. The last scholastic year has just closed. One hundred and fifty-four pupils having been enrolled. Address
THE PRESIDENT,
July 14-1f Charlotte, N. C.

BOOK STORES.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in their line of business,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.
BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 1-48-1f Raleigh, N. C.

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols. just received and for sale at
BRANSON & JONES
June 19-1f Raleigh,

New and Elegant Books,

JUST RECEIVED!
Globe edition of Dickens' Works,
" " Bulwer's "
" " Shakespeare's "
" " Burns' and others
Abbotsford Waverly Novels.
All new, nice and cheap, at
July 1-1f BRANSON & JONES'.

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates
BRANSON & JONES,
June 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS

JULY, 1868.

AS THE SEASON HAS CONSIDERABLY advanced, and money is scarce,

BARGAINS

may be had from our Large Stock of

DRY GOODS,

HATS, SHOES,

TRUNKS,

&c., &c., &c.

NOW IS THE TIME for piece or package purchasers, and for Country Merchants.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
July 7-1f

MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.
June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO'S NEW YORK

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22-3m

For Sale.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

TIN WARE.

Consisting of Coffee Pots, Covered Buckets, Wash Basins, Fans Cups, Pie Plates, Pepper Boxes and Strainers,—to be sold low.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 13-1f Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

Almonds, Almonds.

TWO BARRELS SOFT SHELL ALMONDS.
For sale by
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 13-1f Auction'rs & Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

5,000 CHEAP CIGARS, to close consignment.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1868.

STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Democratic and Conservative members of the Legislature have determined to call a Convention of the Democratic and Conservative citizens of the State, to meet in Raleigh, on THURSDAY, THE 13TH. DAY OF AUGUST, 1868, to organize for the approaching Presidential campaign; and the undersigned have been appointed a Committee to urge the Democratic and Conservative citizens of the State to hold primary meetings, at once, in their respective counties, and appoint delegates to this Convention. It is hoped that every county in the State will be fully represented by delegates or by proxy.

The National Democratic Convention have recently nominated candidates for the high offices of President and Vice President of the United States, and placed them upon a platform of principles, which commends the selections there made to the support of every good and patriotic citizen.

The struggle is between Liberty and Despotism! Let every good man come to the rescue!

W. L. LOVE,
W. M. ROBBINS,
T. M. ARGO,
T. J. JARVIS,
P. DURHAM.

July 15, 1868.

THE MEMBERS of "Oak City" and "Crescent" Councils, Friends of Temperance, will hold a public meeting, at the Methodist Sunday School Room, near the Methodist Church, in this city, to-night, at 8 o'clock. Speeches may be expected. Friends of the cause are invited to attend.

CORRECTION.—The name of Mr. Green, of Stanly, was inadvertently omitted from the list of those who voted for the Hon. William A. Graham, for Senator, in the House of Representatives, on Tuesday.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The next session of Chowan Baptist Female Institute will commence on the first Wednesday in October. This is an admirable Institution, and one which has long been deservedly popular.

Fresh Lockport Lime, Cotton Yarns; James M. Towles, Commission Merchant.

Wheat Thresher and Carrier, (Sinclair's): Jas. M. Towles, agent.

Two of McMannen's celebrated Semut M. chines: W. H. Jones & Co.

THE DISTURBANCES IN THE CITY.—We are gratified to record that there was no additional disturbance of the popular quiet, on yesterday. Our law abiding people have manifested a singular, but most commendable, forbearance, under the exceeding provocations to which they have been subjected. We do not charge that it was "Gov." Holden's *purpose* to create a riot, but we do charge that the whole tendency of his law less interference with the legal authorities of the City was to produce one, and that, in the accomplishment of his partizan designs, he seems to be callous as to consequences.

We learn that the most perverted and false statements have been made, by the Radical paper, as to the series of affrays which occurred during the excitement on Tuesday. We do not deem it worth while to go into particulars, but we unhesitatingly assert, on the authority of those cognizant of the facts, that it was only by excessive prudence and forbearance, on the part of police and citizens, that a serious riot was prevented. Hundreds of negroes and others deserted their employment for the day and collected about the Mayor's Office, some of whom were turbulent and threatening.

A persistence, on the part of the "Governor," in his arbitrary stretches of authority, will, we are greatly apprehensive, lead to popular commotions all over the State. If he *desires* peace, let him confine himself within the bounds of his constitutional prerogatives. We counsel our friends every where to quiet and obedience to law. Let them keep within the law, but let them *hold others to the law, whether they be in high or low places.* Let them be peaceable and forbearing, but, at the same time, firm, resolute and determined!

THE MUNICIPAL STATUS.—The Municipal imbroglio remains in *statu quo*. The Mayor and old Board still hold on to their lawful positions, fortified, as they are, by the opinion of most eminent Counsel, and the general sentiment of the community. We learn that Gen. Canby declines to interfere with the military, whose interposition has been invoked by "Gov." Holden, without the most conclusive evidence that there is forcible obstruction to the exercise of legal and constitutional authority; and that, with a view to forming a correct opinion in the premises, he has requested to be informed of the clause of the Constitution, if any, which gives the Executive any authority to make such appointments, and also to be furnished with a brief of the argument of the Counsel for the city. We presume that these have been forwarded, by telegraph.

The Mayor and Commissioners deserve all commendation for the manly stand they have taken in vindication of law, against the Executive usurpation. Many of the party friends of "Gov." Holden do not heritate to regret his course in the matter, and to call it by the mild name of a "blunder." There are some "blunders," which are *crimes*, and this may be classed as one of them. When party malignity is at the breech, the gun *will* go off half-cocked. We have no doubt that "Gov." Holden himself is fully convinced of his *precipitancy*.

We learn that a proposition was introduced in the House, on yesterday, looking to the investiture of the Executive with extraordinary powers. We have not seen it or heard its provisions fully stated, and therefore we forbear comment.

The National Democratic Executive Committee met Friday, and elected August Belmont, Esq., of New York, Chairman. A sub committee of nine was appointed to conduct the canvass.

Grand Ratification Meeting!

SEYMOUR, BLAIR AND THE PLATFORM!

Tucker Hall presented a brilliant spectacle, last evening. Not far from one thousand people,—including more than a hundred of our fairest ladies,—were there, to ratify the National Democratic nominations, to endorse the noble platform of principles upon which they are placed, and to inaugurate the campaign against the enemies of the Republic, upon which we are entering. The enthusiasm was exuberant and unbounded,—the sure harbinger of a spirit of activity and energy, throughout the whole country, which is destined to save the country and restore the shattered Constitution.

The hour at which we go to press compels us to defer further notice, as well as the proceedings, of this great rally, until to-morrow. We can only state, this morning, that the Hon. Thos. Bragg presided, and that eloquent, stirring and able addresses were made by the Chairman, Gen. W. R. Cox, W. M. Robbins, Esq., and Col. Jno. F. Hoke, and brief but handsome acknowledgments of calls upon them by Messrs. Plato Durham and M. A. Bledsoe.

Raleigh sends greeting to her sister cities and towns in North Carolina, and challenges any of them to show a more glorious gathering,—in point of earnestness, intelligence, patriotism *and beauty*,—than that which assembled in Tucker Hall, last night, to raise the slogan of "*Seymour, Blair and the Constitution!*"

GENERAL DOCKERY.—We learn that the old General, who has been in this city for a fortnight past, actively canvassing for the United States Senatorship, has "gone home," a sadder and a wiser man. It is said that after his defeat, in caucus, on Monday night, the General "arose." Heaving a suspiration, that was abdominal in its profundity, he complained that he had been badly treated by the Republican party,—"wounded in the house of his friends,"—and would return to the bosom of his family, with a fixed determination to ignore politics in the future! We do not wonder at the old General's feeling in this matter.—To be beaten by a new importation from New Hampshire, after all that the General has sacrificed,—his own self respect and the esteem of old friends,—was indeed a killing blow! We pity him.

WE LOOKED with some curiosity over the proceedings in the "House of Representatives," on yesterday, in the rather confident expectation that we should find some aspiring carpet-bagger complaining of Mr. Bowman, the Republican member from Mitchell. Mr. B., in the debate of the day previous, repeatedly spoke of negroes as "*negroes*." We were surprised, at the time, that Joseph William did not promptly call him to order, under the rule of the House, which prohibits "personalities." Failing in that, we took it for granted that a Committee of Invest gation would be appointed, looking to Mr. Bowman's exclusion from the House, fast on the heels of our Reporter!

Quere?—If Mr. Bowman has no tender fastidiousness about giving *negroes* their proper designation, why is not his name found recorded as voting against the resolution excluding the *Sentinel* from the dignified assemblage, of which he is a member? If he don't look sharp, his white constituency will ask him that question.

THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Proclamation of the President.

The following proclamation has been issued by the President:

Whereas by an act of Congress entitled "An act to admit the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia, Alabama, and Florida to representation in Congress," passed on the 25th of June, 1868, it is declared that it is made the duty of the President, within ten days after receiving official information of the ratification by the Legislature of either of said States of a proposed amendment to the Constitution known as article fourteen, to issue a proclamation announcing that fact;

And whereas the said act seems to be prospective;

And whereas a paper purporting to be a resolution of the Legislature of Florida, adopting the amendment of the thirteenth and fourteenth articles of the Constitution of the United States, was received at the Department of State on the 16th of June, 1868, prior to the passage of the act of Congress referred to, which paper is attested by the name of Horatio Jenkins, Jr., as President, *pro tem.*, of the Senate, and W. W. Moore, as Speaker of the Assembly, and of William L. Apthoop as Secretary of the Senate, and William Forsyth Bynum as Clerk of the Assembly, and which paper was transmitted to the Secretary of State in a letter dated Executive Office, Tallahassee, Florida, June 10, 1868, from Harrison Reed, who therein signs himself Governor;

And whereas, on the 6th day of July, 1868, a paper was received by the President, which paper, being addressed to the President, bearing date of the 4th of July, 1868, and was transmitted by and under the name of W. W. Holden, who therein writes himself Governor of North Carolina, which paper certifies that the said proposed amendment, known as article fourteen, did pass the Senate and House of Representatives of the General Assembly of North Carolina, on the 2d day of July instant, and is attested by the names of John H. Boner, or Bower, as Secretary of the House of Representatives, and T. A. Byrnes as Secretary of the Senate; and its ratification on the 4th of July, 1868, is attested by Tod R. Caldwell as Lieutenant Governor, President of Senate, and J. W. Holden as Speaker of House of Representatives;

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States of America, in compliance with and in execution of the act of Congress aforesaid, do issue this proclamation announcing the fact of the ratification of the said amendment by the Legislature of the State of North Carolina, in the manner hereinbefore set forth.

In testimony whereof, I have signed these presents with my hand, and have caused the seal of the United States to be hereto affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this seventh day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety third.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

BONDED OFFICERS.

Some one offered a bill, the other day, in the Senate, if we remember correctly, requiring that, hereafter, bonded officers should only be required to give bonds to the extent of the liabilities of their offices. This is right enough, and is quite an improvement upon the Radical ideas we have heard advanced upon the subject. Nothing is more proper, than that every officer, who has the custody of public monies or of those of other people, should give a bond sufficiently large to cover his entire liability.

A short time ago, we understand, one of our carpet-bag philosophers, who belongs to the party of "moral ideas," gave it out, that it was abominable to require a heavy bond, *after one had been endorsed and elected by the people.* Indeed, some thought that it was ridiculous to require any bond, because the *people* became his security when they elected him. Ask the people if that would do? For instance, in this County, the Sheriff sometimes has $40,000 of funds belonging to the public and to individuals, at one time. The ru[illegible] to require the Sheriff to give a [illegible]0,000. Every one must see that th[illegible] too low. But, whether the bond [illegible] small, the security should always be ample. The public have been made aware of the strength of the bond given by the present Sheriff.—Does it strike any one that it is too heavy or that the security is too strong? If Commissioners do not require a proper bond, *they* are responsible, as well as the securities. Are they not?

STATE NEWS.

A young men's Democratic Club has been formed in Wilmington. The meeting was addressed by Mr. F. D. Poisson, Col. J. W. Atkinson and Mr. Jos. McLaurin. The following permanent officers were elected, viz: President, Roger Moore; Vice Presidents, Jno. Cowan, Sol. Haas, S. A. Ashe; Corresponding Secretary, E. S. Martin; Recording Secretaries, Jas. J. King, Jno. C. James; Treasurer, H. G. Flanner. Wilmington has thus set a noble example. Let it be followed throughout the State.

W. W. Holden, who "writes himself Governor of North Carolina," has usurped the authority to appoint a Mayor and Commissioners of the city of Charlotte.

Among the bearers of Gov. Vance, in Richmond, were the Rev. Dr. Curry, the Rev. Geo. W. Langhorn, and several others of the Richmond clergy,—a high compliment to North Carolina's favorite son.

The Goldsboro' *Rough Notes* designates the man, "who writes himself Governor of North Carolina," as "his Negropholency." Not bad.

The *Literary Pastime*, which is expected to make its first appearance about the 25th, will contain an accurately engraved likeness of Governor Vance. The likeness will be accompanied by a biographical sketch.

PUBLIC SPEECHES OF H. U. GRANT.

SPEECH AT THE GREAT DEMONSTRATION TO SUSTAIN ANDREW JOHNSON AT COOPER INSTITUTE, JUNE 7, 1865.

"I thank you for this reception. If I were in the habit of speaking, I am so impressed by it that I would not be able to respond as I should like to do. You will have to excuse me."

SPEECH AT THE DINNER GIVEN TO GRANT AT THE ASTOR HOUSE, JUNE 7, 1865.

"GENTLEMEN—I know you will excuse me from attempting to reply to your very flattering remarks."

SPEECH AT KALAMAZOO, MICH.

Reported in the N. Y. Times, August 20, 1865.

"I am not going to reply to the address, gentlemen. I could not do so if I should try."

SPEECH AT THE UNION LEAGUE ROOM, JANUARY 7, 1865.

After a long and flattering address from the chief orator, Grant said:

"GENTLEMEN—I bid you good night. I am much obliged to you for this reception."

SPEECH AT THE BIDDLE HOUSE, DETROIT.

Reported in the N. Y. Times, August 20, 1865

"I bid you all good night."

SPEECH AT TOLEDO, OHIO.

Reports in the N. Y. Times, August 21, 1865.

"GENTLEMEN AND FELLOW-CITIZENS:—Rev. Mr. Vincent, who has come out on the train from Chicago, has kindly consented to return my thanks for this hearty welcome, which you have given me."

SPEECH IN NEW YORK ON THE BALCONY OF THE CITY HALL, AUGUST 29, 1866.

From the Herald Report.

"General Grant is remarkable for his laconic addresses, and though he did not deliver an address, he said a very good thing. Turning to Farragut, he said, 'Admiral, as it would be utterly impossible at this distance to make the people hear our voices they will take our appearance for a speech.'"

SPEECH AT THE BANQUET AT DELMONICO'S AUGUST 30, 1866.

On being toasted and vociferously cheered the hero arose and said (rather incoherently):

"All I can say to you is, that if the President and his Cabinet had held to their determination, I would have had to leave the Admiral to do the talking. We would have let you off, and you would have got to your beds."

Verbatim report N. Y. Tribune, April 30, 1866

SPEECH AFTER THE BANQUET AT DELMONICO'S.

Loud calls were made for General Grant, and that gallant officer was introduced by Mayor Hoffman. General Grant said: "That owing to the exhaustion which they all felt after the entertainment given by his honor the Mayor, they could not expect him to say anything further."

SPEECH AT NIAGARA FALLS.

Reported by the Herald. Sept. 2, 1866.

Loud calls for Grant. "My modesty compels me to turn over that written speech to Mr. Hall, who will deliver it for me whenever it is written." (Cheers and laughter.)

SPEECH TO THE LOUISIANA DELEGATION AT NIAGARA FALLS.

Herald Report, Sept. 3, 1866.

After leaving the President the Louisiana delegation succeeded in securing General Grant as he was smoking a cigar. After addressing him, and wringing his hand with frantic fervor, the General made a few remarks. He said that when he was in the vicinity of the Red river he always found the climate healthy, and thought that it was a pleasant place generally. He stayed there altogether about fourteen months.—The first six months of the time only two of their men died, and these not from the insalubrity of the place. One of them had his brains knocked out against a tree, and the other quit drinking. The Louisiana delegation laughed heartily at the joke on the close of the speech, but the General exhibiting symptons of losing patience, the delegation then retired, whereupon he again resumed his cigar.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 15, M

The Senate passed, last night, the Funding Bill, the Bill appropriating twenty thousand dollars to Mrs L. T. Potter, of Charleston, South Carolina, for relieving Union prisoners, and the Bill discontinuing the Freedmen's Bureau on 1st of January.

FROM RICHMOND—DEATH BY SUN STROKE.

RICHMOND, July 15, M.

The weather is exceedingly hot. The thermometer, last night, stood at 90 degrees.

Saml. H. Hueston, clerk at the Spotswood Hotel, died, to-day, of sun-stroke.

FROM ALABAMA—INAUGURATION OF GOV. SMITH.

MONTGOMERY, July 15, M.

The Legislature of Alabama, that met, by order of Gen. Meade, yesterday, contains about thirty negroes. The Senate Doorkeeper and Sergeant-at-arms and the Chaplain of the House are negroes.

To-day, Gov. Smith was inaugurated, in the presence of both Houses.

[illegible] in a message which is, in the main, Conservative than was expected. He recommends, in strong language, the removal of all disabilities from the people of Alabama, and bitterly opposes any disfranchisement, except for crime.

General Shepherd hauled up his cannons today, and fired salutes in honor of the inauguration.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 15, M.

Sterling 10½. Gold 1.41½. N. C. Coupons 74½; new 74½. Va. 6's, ex-coupons, 57½; new 56½. Tennessee 6's, ex-coupons, 71; new 69½

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 15, P. M

SENATE:—A bill reducing the Military Peace establishment was referred to the Committee on Military affairs.

The appropriation bill was resumed.

The conference report on the tax bill was adopted.

The Senate then went into Executive session and adjourned.

HOUSE:—A committee of five was appointed, to investigate how the House contingent fund of 1867 was expended.

Heaton, representative from North Carolina, was seated.

A bill removing disabilities from certain parties passed.

The report of the Conference Committee on the tax bill was adopted. The Senate having previously adopted it, it now goes to the President.

The Conference Committee struck out all relating to Banks.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 15, P. M.

Hon. Wm. M. Evarts is confirmed as Attorney General.

Geo. W. Summers was nominated for Postmaster at Augusta, Ga.

Secretary Seward reports that twenty-three States have ratified the fourteenth amendment, from which Ohio and New Jersey have receded.

He also reports that Arkansas, North Carolina and Florida have given notice of ratification by "*the alleged Legislatures* of those State."

FROM GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, July 15, P. M.

The hottest day of the season. Thermometer 98 degrees in the shade.

The Democrats anticipate a sufficient number of their party will be excluded from the Legislature to secure a majority, in each House, for the radicals.

FROM SOUTH CAROLINA—THE LEGISLATURE.

COLUMBIA, July 15, P. M.

Five ballots to-day for United States Senator for the long term No result. Mackey stands 82, Sawyer 55, French 24, Campbell (Democrat) 14. Necessary to a choice 76.

The Governor, to-day, cancelled the bond of the Republican Treasurer as insufficient.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 15, P. M.

Cotton heavy and declining. Sales of 15,000 bales at 32.

Turpentine 43 to 45½. Rosin 2,85@2,87½. Gold active and excited 1,42¾.

BALTIMORE, July 15, P. M.

Cotton quiet at 32½.
Flour active.

HOT SPRINGS, BATH COUNTY, VA.

James A. McClung ..... Manager.
R. C. Tardy & Co ..... Proprietors.
J. E. Williams ..... Resident Physician.

NOW OPEN TO VISITORS.

THE HOTEL HAS BEEN RECENTLY ENlarged, and now Baths constructed. No expense or effort has been spared by the Proprietors to render this famous watering place as comfortable as possible to all visitors.

The Hot Waters here have been well known, for more than half a century, to possess, in a wonderful degree, tonic, alterative, detergent and stimulating properties, and have been justly celebrated for the cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Diseases of the Liver, skin, Bladder and Womb, Paralysis, the result of injury or serous effusion, Contraction of Muscles and Joints, Diarrhœa and Dyspepsia, accompanied with Sore Mouth and Tenesmus.

Route from the North, via Orange and Alexandria Railroad, to Gordonsville; thence via Virginia Central Railroad to Millboro' or Covington Depot; thence by Trotter & Co's Stage Line over Turnpike Road to Hot Springs. Distance from Millboro' 20 miles, from Covington eighteen miles.

Route from the South, via Richmond or Lynchburg, and Virginia Central Railroad, to Millboro' or Covington.

Board $3 per day; $20 per week; $75 per month.

For descriptive Pamphlets and Circulars apply to R. C. TARDY & CO.
Post Office Box 517 Richmond, Va.
Or to J. A. McCLUNG, Manager,
June 18-julyl5 Hot Springs, Va.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the springs a distance of six miles over a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season Board $30 per month; $15 per week or $3 per day. Children under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths cold or h-t.

J. GOLDEN WYATT,
Proprietor.
Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C.
June 1-4awlm.

Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Stock.

I WILL SELL, ON THE 18th OF JULY next, at the Office of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, in Raleigh, THIRTEEN (13) SHARES of Stock in said Company, belonging to the Trustees of Wake Forest College. Terms Cash.

JAS. S. PURIFOY,
July 4-14t* Treasurer.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHORER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	60c
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	27
" Wilmington	30
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	30
" Graham	20
" Lexington (old)	15
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	30
" " (new)	12
Miners'and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. Railroad Stock	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-206-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

B. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

Bank of Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old,)	12
" " (new)	9
" Lexington, payable at Graham	21
" North Carolina	53
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	27
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	24
" Wilmington	30
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)	27
" " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

May 26-135-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 20)	G. B. 95
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	16
" Roxborough	60
" Wadesborough	27
" Thomasville	20
" Wilmington	30
" Commerce	16
" Washington	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	3
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old	29
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	138
Silver	133
Old Coupons	62
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	72
Exchange on New York	1
R. & G. Railroad Stock	40

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

General Commission and Shipping Merchants,

AND

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.,) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAS. H. HILL,
} Wilmington, N. C., No. 32 North Water St.
June 26, 1868-1y

JULY, 1868.

ANDREWS,

THE CLOTHIER.

(Opposite Tucker Hall.)

SPECIAL OPENING.

Elegant Dress Suits, Latest Style;
Plain and Fancy Cassimere Suits;
White Duck Linen Suits;
Boys' Brown Linen Suits;
Youths' Cassimere Suits;
Fine Dress Shirts;
Gauze Merino Under Shirts;
Linen Drawers;
Jean Drawers;
Cravats and Suspenders;

Together with every article usually kept in a gentleman's first class FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.

☞ *The prices to suit the times.*
July 2-tf

Select Boarding and Day School,
HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

THE FALL TERM OF 1868 opens July 24th and closes Dec 10th.
Circulars furnished on application.
July 4 8awlm

J. H. HORNER'S
Classical and Mathematical School,
OXFORD, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will open the THIRD MONDAY IN JULY.

Terms as heretofore, except that no Stage fare between Oxford and Henderson will be charged to students, either coming or returning.
June 26-2m*

Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Co,

RALEIGH, June 23d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, in the City of Raleigh, on Thursday, July 16th, 1868.

The transfer books will be closed from 1st to 20th proximo, inclusive.

W. W. VASS,
June 23-1d Treas. & Sec'y.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, $9,000,000.

No. POLICIES 52,700.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

In these days of competition between Life Insurance Companies much is said by rival Agents, each claiming the Company he represents to be the best. Without saying anything in disparagement of any Company, or, by simple assertion, anything in its favor, the ÆTNA begs leave to refer to the annexed table, compiled from the OFFICIAL and SWORN statements of twenty of the largest Companies in America, made to the Insurance Commissioners of the State of New York. The table shows the ratio of expense to each $100 received by each Company, for the three years ending January 1, 1868.

It will be seen that the expenses of the Ætna are much lower than any other Company; and, after the average is struck, the ÆTNA, in 1865, saved $10.41 out of each $100 received—more than the average; in 1866, $7.17, and in 1867, $4.99. The receipts of the ÆTNA were, in 1865, $1,655,309; in 1866, $3,522,376, and in 1867, $5,120,447. Consequently, its savings in the three years were $677,919.-39, to which add 7 per cent. interest to July 1, 1868: $120,387.64, making a grand total of $797,307 03 saved over the average of all other Companies.

This is the measure of success as applied by the Hon Elisur Wright, the greatest of American actuaries, to all Companies, and simply means that the Company whose RATIO of expense to its income is the least, is the best able to pay large dividends to its policy holders. That the ÆTNA is THAT Company, these comparisons of official statements plainly show.

Official Statement showing the Expenses and Losses by the Twenty Largest Insurance Companies in America.

[FROM THE NEW YORK SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.]

NAMES.	Expenses and Claims paid out of each $100 of Income. 1865.	1866.	1867.	3 Years Average.
Connecticut Mutual	$ 33 87	$ 25 38	$ 28 90	$ 29 28
Charter Oak	32 62	29 26	28 20	30 02
Equitable	37 16	30 98	26 31	31 48
Globe Mutual	33 18	35 67	32 92	33 92
Germania	49 23	47 38	41 12	45 91
Guardian Mutual	40 07	31 20	36 50	35 92
Home	35 98	37 41	34 83	36 08
Knickerbocker	42 05	42 58	35 87	40 16
Mutual Life	38 84	30 03	22 76	30 54
Mutual Benefit	31 83	32 62	37 39	30 44
Manhattan	34 80	31 50	33 23	33 18
Mass. Mutual	38 14	33 44	36 40	35 99
New England Mutual	40 31	30 83	29 44	33 53
New York Life	37 09	28 26	29 48	31 61
North American	32 01	23 49	24 71	26 73
Phœnix Mutual	37 06	30 97	29 30	29 44
Security	37 14	38 30	33 70	35 71
Union Mutual	32 06	29 98	26 96	29 66
Washington	42 26	49 40	41 77	44 45
Average of 19 Companies	37 11	33 51	31 56	33 96
The "ÆTNA"	26 70	26 32	26 06	26 56
Difference	10 41	7 19	4 99	7 04

The ÆTNA income for 1865 was	$1,655,309, on which $10 41 per 100,	SAVED $172,317 66
" " " 1866 "	$3,522,376, " 7 19 " " "	253,258 83
" " " 1867 "	$5,120,447 " 4 99 " " "	255,342 90
To which add 7 per cent. compound interest to July 1, 1868		126,486 64
Giving a Total Saved by the ÆTNA in 3 years of		$ 797,307 03

In proof of these statements, the official reports can be seen, by all who wish, at the

Raleigh Branch Office,
W. H. CROW, Manager.

June 1-tf

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $300,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. It WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 12
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 03
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States. Its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. | CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., March 28—1868-3m

The Daily Sentinel.

THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1868.

Prime Mess Pork.

JUST RECEIVED, another consignment of PRIME MESS PORK, which will be sold at a reduced price. JAS. M TOWLES,
July 11—1w Commission Merchant.

Eggs, Eggs, Eggs.

50 DOZ. FRESH EGGS.
For sale at 15c. per dozen, by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

IRISH POTATOES!!
For sale by
July 11-2t DOUGLAS BELL.

Goldsboro' Female College.

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 1st Monday in August, and continue twenty weeks.
BOARD AND TUITION, exclusive of washing and lights, $95,00. Address
E. W. ADAMS, President.
July 11—law1Sept.1 Goldsboro'.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

BANKING,

Exchange and Collection Office,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.

Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.

Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York.
June 26-1m*

LAW SCHOOL.

THE NEXT SESSION of the LAW SCHOOL, at Chapel Hill, will commence on the 15th of this month.
Instruction with reference to the new order of things will be attended to.
July 8-2w* WM. H. BATTLE.

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY!
41 Fayetteville Street.

FINE IVORY-HANDLED DINNER AND TEA Knives, Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons, Good Knives and Forks for Family use, Rogers and Wostenholm's Congress Knives
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 8-tf With Hart & Lewis.

Chatham Railroad Company,

RALEIGH, June 22d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the CHATHAM RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in the City of Raleigh, on Monday, July 20, 1868.
W. W. VASS,
June 23-td Treas. and Sec'y.

DIVIDEND.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 16, 1868.
W. W. VASS, Treas'r.
June 27-tJuly31

1868, SPRING STOCK. 1868,
BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,
AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
direct from the Manufacturers which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.
WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

PHOTOGRAPHS!
GREAT INDUCEMENTS AT
WATSON'S GALLERY.

HAVING A LARGE STOCK OF **PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES** on hand I have concluded to reduce my stock by selling Frames and Cases, with Pictures complete, for about ONE HALF the usual price, for thirty days.
The stock is new and the finest assortment ever brought to this Market. CALL EARLY.
June 27-tf J. W. WATSON.

[COPY.]
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said act:

NOW, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.
HILAND R. HULBURD,
Seal. Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,682.

STATE NATIONAL BANK,
RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT.
W. E ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. S. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS. H. FOOTE.

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.
Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.
Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.
July 1-tf.

For Rent.

TWO GOOD ROOMS, suitable for Offices, over the Book Store of WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Apply to A. WILLIAMS.
June 27-eod2w

CABBAGE SEED.

Large Late Drumhead.
Large Late Flat Dutch.
Drumhead Savoy, &c., for sale by
JORDAN & CARR,
Petersburg, July 6-tf Druggists.

DR. CHALONER'S CHOLERA MEDICINE cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.
For sale by JORDAN & CARR,
Petersburg, July 6-tf Druggists.

OIL OF BAY LEAVES!
The best article known for beautifying and preserving the HAIR. Prepared and sold by
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Sycamore, corner Washington St.
July 6-tf Petersburg, Va.

FRESH TURNIP SEED.

Large White Flat Dutch.
Large White Norfolk.
Red Top Strap Leaved and
Purple Top Yellow Ruta Bags.
Just received by
JORDAN & CARR,
July— Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Petersburg, Va.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION:

THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

First.—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

Second.—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third.—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys draws from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth.—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

Fifth.—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

Sixth.—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh.—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth.—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star-chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and if sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a federal union of co-equal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so called) of Congress as usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void; that our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868,
CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible—if you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on S. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,
April 8 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,
No. 21 Fayetteville St.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER
STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

CLOTHING STORES.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

EVERY ARTICLE necessary to a gentleman's complete outfit can be obtained of

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,
CLOTHIERS,
OPPOSITE TUCKER HALL,
Raleigh, N. C.
June 4-tf

JUST RECEIVED!

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,
FINE BLACK ALPACA SACKS AND FROCKS,
A new lot of very superior
WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS,
Very desirable in warm weather.
At
R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S FURNISHING STORE,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
June 4-tf Raleigh N. C

JUST RECEIVED.

A NEW LOT OF
FINE DRESS SHIRTS,
All sizes. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.
All persons in want of such a luxury should call and supply themselves at once.
At
R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Opposite Tucker Hall.
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding **$5,500,000.**
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL
Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate.
of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.
We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.
For information, address
JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.
Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 31—72-tf

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,
Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:—

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;
Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;
The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;
The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;
The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;
The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;
Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,		$8 00
" "	six months,	4 00
" "	three months	2 00
Semi Weekly Sentinel, for one year,		4 00
" "	six months,	2 00
" "	three months,	1 00
Weekly "	for one year,	2 00
" "	six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance
As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS

1868, 1868.
SPRING TRADE.
TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!
Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.
The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.
Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.
I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.
Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.
I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.
E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

Guiseers' Separator and Horse Power.

JUST received at N. C. Depot, one more of those celebrated Machines, which will be sold, at Manufacturer's prices, either with or without the Power—freight only added. Call at once and secure it.
—ALSO—
In store Harman's **Steel Tooth Wheel Horse Rake** for 1868, and the Dixie Wheat Fan.
July 2-tf. JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

BOARD.
BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,
At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.
TWO DOLLARS PER DAY
will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.
Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.
June 25-tf GEO. T. COOKE.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.
Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, **exempt.**
Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents
Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.
Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.
Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.
For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.
Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.
On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.
Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.
Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.
Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents
Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.
For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.
Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.
Bonds of [illegible] and town bonds, railroads and other companies, [illegible] bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duties. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.
Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.
Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.
Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.
General, 5 cents.
Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.
Of search of records, 5 cents.
That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.
That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.
Of redemption of land sold for taxes, 5 cents.
Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.
Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents
Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.
Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.
Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.
Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.
Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of Judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.
Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.
Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.
Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.
Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.
For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars 50 cents.
Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.
Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.
Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1,00.
For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.
Gauger's return of [illegible] quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents
Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.
Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 2 cents.
To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.
To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.
To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1,00
For any other purpose, 50 cents.
Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000, $1,00.
For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.
Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1,00.
Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.
Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)
Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note
Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.
Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.
Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts
Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.
Exceeding $1,000, for every $1,000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.
For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.
Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents
Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.
Upon every confession of judgment or consent for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.
Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.
Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents.
When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.
Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in each premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 10 cents.
Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.
Insurance Life when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.
Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.
Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.
Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.
Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.
Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."
Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.
Measurers' Returns, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.
Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.
Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents
Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.
Pawner's Checks 5 cents.
Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.
Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $70 $1,00
For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1,00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.
Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.
It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.
Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.
Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.
The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.
Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.
The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.
When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.
No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE.	Term Expires
Lot M Morrill, r	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'71
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71
Jno W Patterson, r	'73
VERMONT.	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'69
Justus S Morrill, r	'73
MASSACHUSETTS.	
Charles Sumner, r	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'73
RHODE ISLAND.	
William Sprague, r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'71
CONNECTICUT.	
James Dixon, d	'69
Orris S Ferry, r	'73
NEW YORK.	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'73
NEW JERSEY.	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69
Alex G Gattell, r	'71
PENNSYLVANIA.	
C R Buckalew, d	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'73
DELAWARE.	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'73
MARYLAND.	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69
—— Hamilton, d	——
WEST VIRGINIA.	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69
Waitman T Willey,	'71
KENTUCKY.	
Mc Creery, d	——
Garrett Davis, d	'73
TENNESSEE.	
D T Patterson, d	'69
Joseph S Fowler, r	'71
OHIO.	
Benjamin F Wade, r	'69
John Sherman, r	'73

INDIANA.	Term Expires.
T A Hendricks, d	'69
Oliver Morton, r	'73
ILLINOIS	
Richard Yates, r	'71
Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
MICHIGAN.	
Zach Chandler, r	'69
Jacob M Howard r	'71
WISCONSIN.	
I R Doolittle, d	'69
Timothy O Howe, r	'71
MINNESOTA.	
Alex Ramsey r	'69
Daniel S Norton, d	'71
IOWA.	
James W Grimes, r	'71
James Harlan, r	'73
MISSOURI.	
John B Henderson r	69
Charles D Drake, r	'73
KANSAS.	
Edmund G Ross, r	'71
Samuel C Pomeroy, r	'73
NEBRASKA.	
Thos W Tipton, r	'69
John M Thayer, r	'71
NEVADA.	
Wm M Stewart, r	'69
James W Nye, r	'71
CALIFORNIA.	
John Conness, r	'69
Jornolins Cole, r	'71
OREGON.	
Jeo H Williams, r	'71
Henry Corbett, r	'73
COLORADO.	
John Evans, r	——
Jerome B Chaffe, r	——

*Not admitted.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans 44. Democrats and Conservatives, 16.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

MAINE.	
John Lynch, r	Horace Maynard, r
Sidney Perham, r	William B Stokes, r
James G Blaine, r	James Mullins r
John A Peters, r	John Trimble, r
Frederick A Pike, r	Samuel M Arnell, r
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	Isaac R Hawkins, r
Jacob H Ela, r	David A Nunn, r
Aaron F Stevens, r	OHIO.
Jacob Benton, r	Benjamin Eggleston, r
VERMONT.	Samuel F Carey r
F E Woodbridge, r	Robt O Schenck, r
Luke P Poland, r	Wm Lawrence, r
W C Smith, r	Wm Mungen, d
MASSACHUSETTS.	Reader W Clarke, r
Thomas D Eliott, r	Samuel Shellabarger, r
Oakes Ames, r	G S Hamilton, r
Ginery Twichell, r	Ralph P Buckland, r
Samuel Hooper, r	James M Ashley, r
Benjamin F Butler, r	John T Wilson, r
Nathaniel P Banks, r	Pallad Van Trump, d
George S Boutwell, r	George W Morgan, d
John D Baldwin, r	Martin Walker, r
Wm B Washburn, r	Tobias A Plants, r
Henry L Dawes, r	John A Bingham, r
RHODE ISLAND.	Ephraim R Eckley, r
Thomas Jenckes, r	Rufus P Spaulding, r
Nathan F Dixon, r	James A Garfield, r
CONNECTICUT.	INDIANA.
Richard D Hubbard, d	Wm E Niblack, d
Julius Hotchkiss, d	Michael C Kerr, d
H H Starkweather, r	Morton C Hunter, r
William H Barnum, d	Wm S Holman, d
NEW YORK.	George W Julian, r
Stephen Taber, d	John Coburn, r
Demas Barnes, d	H D Washburn, r
Wm E Robinson, d	Goodlove S Orth, r
John Fox, d	Schuyler Colfax, r
John Morrissey, d	John P C Shanks, r
Thomas E Stewart, d	ILLINOIS
John W Chandler, d	At large—J A Logan, r
Jas Brooks, d	Norman B Judd, r
Fernando Wood, d	John F Farnsworth, r
Wm H Robertson, r	Elihu B Washburne, r
Thomas H Van Wyck, r	Abner C Harding, r
John H Ketchum, r	Eben C Ingersoll, r
Thomas Cornell, r	Burton C Cook, r
John V L Pruyn, d	H P Bromwell, r
John A Griswold, r	Shelby M Cullom, r
Orange Ferris, r	Lewis W Ross, d
Calvin T Hulburd, r	Albert G Burr, d
James M Mervin, r	Samuel S Marshall, d
Wm C Fields, r	John Baker, r
Addison H Laflin, r	Green B Raum, r
Alex H Bailey, r	MICHIGAN.
John C Churchill, r	Fer C Beaman, r
Denis McCarthy, r	Thos Upson, r
Theo M Pomeroy, r	Austin Blair, r
Wm H Kelsey, r	Chas W Ferry, r
Wm S Lincoln, r	H E Prowbridge, r
Hamilton Ward, r	Ino F Driggs, r
Lewis Selye, r	WISCONSIN.
Burt Van Horn, r	Halbert E Paine, r
James M Murphy, d	Ben F Hopkins, r
Henry Van Aernam, r	Amasa Cobb, r
NEW JERSEY.	Chas A Eldridge, d
Wm Moore, r	Philetus Sawyer, r
Chas Haight, d	C C Washburne r
Chas Sitgreaves, d	MINNESOTA.
John Hill, r	Wm Windom, r
Geo A Halsey, r	Ignatius Donnelly,
PENNSYLVANIA.	IOWA.
Samuel J Randall, d	James F Wilson, r
Chas O'Neill, r	Hiram Price, r
Leonard Myers, r	Wm B Allison r
Wm D Kelley, r	Wm Loughbridge, r
Caleb N Taylor r	George M Dodge, r
Ben M Boyer, d	Asahel W Hubbard, r
Jno M Bromell, r	MISSOURI.
Jno L Getz, d	Wm A Pile, r
Thaddeus Stevens, r	Chas A Newcomb, r
Henry L Cake, r	Isa R McCormick, d
David M Van Auken, d	Jos J Gravelly, r
Geo W Woodward, d	Jos W McClurg r
Ulysses Mercer, r	Robt T Van Horn, r
George F Miller, r	Ben F Loan, r
A J Grosshrenner, d	John F Benjamin, r
Wm H Koontz, r	George W Anderson,
Daniel J Morrell, r	NEBRASKA.
Samuel F Wilson, r	John Trade, r
Glenni W Scofield, r	NEVADA.
Darwin A Finney, r	Delos M Ashley, r
John Covode, r	CALIFORNIA.
Jas K Morehead r	Samuel B Axtell, d
Thomas Williams, r	Williams Higby, r
Geo V Lawrence, r	James A Johnson, d
DELAWARE.	OREGON.
John A Nicholson, d	Rufus Mallory, r
MARYLAND.	*COLORADO.
Hiram McCullock, d	George M Chilcott, r
Stevenson Archer, d	DELEGATES.
Chas E Phelps, d	ARIZONA.
Francis Thomas, r	Coles Bashford, r
Frederick Stone